**Problem 1.** (*Certify Heap*) Implement the static method isMaxHeap() in CertifyHeap.java that takes an array a of Comparable objects (excluding a[0] = \*) and returns true if a represents a max-heap, and false otherwise.

>_ ~/workspace/exercise4
\$ java CertifyHeap
* M A X H E A P
<ctrl-d></ctrl-d>
false
\$ java CertifyHeap
<ctrl-d></ctrl-d>
* А А Е Н М Р Х
false
\$ java CertifyHeap
<ctrl-d></ctrl-d>
* X P M H E A A
true

**Problem 2.** (*Ramanujan's Taxi*) Srinivasa Ramanujan was an Indian mathematician who became famous for his intuition for numbers. When the English mathematician G. H. Hardy came to visit him one day, Hardy remarked that the number of his taxi was 1729, a rather dull number. To which Ramanujan replied, "No, Hardy! It is a very interesting number. It is the smallest number expressible as the sum of two cubes in two different ways." Verify this claim by writing a program Ramanujan1. java that accepts n (int) as command-line argument and writes to standard output all integers less than or equal to n that can be expressed as the sum of two cubes in two different ways. In other words, find distinct positive integers a, b, c, and d such that  $a^3 + b^3 = c^3 + d^3 \le n$ .

```
>_ ~/workspace/exercise4
$ java Ramanujan1 10000
1729 = 1^3 + 12^3 = 9^3 + 10^3
4104 = 2^3 + 16^3 = 9^3 + 15^3
```

Directions:

• Use four nested for loops, with these bounds on the loop variables:  $0 < a \leq \sqrt[3]{n}, a < b \leq \sqrt[3]{n-a^3}, a < c \leq \sqrt[3]{n}, and c < d \leq \sqrt[3]{n-c^3}$ 

Do not explicitly compute cube roots, and instead use x \* x \* x < y in place of x < Math.cbrt(y).

**Problem 3.** (*Ramanujan's Taxi Redux*) Write a program Ramanujan2.java that uses a minimum-oriented priority queue to solve the problem from Exercise 2.

>_ /workspace/exercise4				
\$ java	Ramanujan2	10000		
1729 =	1^3 + 12^3	= 9^3	+	10^3
4104 =	9^3 + 15^3	= 2^3	+	16^3

Directions:

- Initialize a min-PQ pq with pairs  $(1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 4), \dots, (i, i + 1)$ , where  $i < \sqrt[3]{n}$
- Declare Pair objects prev and curr
- While pq is not empty:
  - Set prev to curr and curr to pq.delMin()
  - Print the previous pair (k, l) and current pair (i, j) if  $k^3 + l^3 = i^3 + j^3 \le n$
  - If  $j < \sqrt[3]{n}$ , insert the pair (i, j+1) into pq

Again, do not explicitly compute cube roots, and instead use x \* x \* x < y in place of x < Math.cbrt(y).

## Files to Submit

- 1. CertifyHeap.java
- $2. {\rm \ Ramanujan1.java}$
- Ramanujan2.java

Before you submit your files, make sure:

- You do not use concepts outside of what has been taught in class.
- Your code is adequately commented, follows good programming principles, and meets any specific requirements such as corner cases and running times.