

This document describes the Application Programming Interface (API) for the supporting libraries and data types used throughout the book *Introduction to Programming in Python: An Interdisciplinary Approach* [↗](#) by Robert Sedgewick, Kevin Wayne, and Robert Dondero.

color.Color	
<code>Color(r = 0, g = 0, b = 0)</code>	constructs a color <code>c</code> given its red, green, and blue components
<code>c.getRed()</code>	returns the red component of <code>c</code>
<code>c.getGreen()</code>	returns the green component of <code>c</code>
<code>c.getBlue()</code>	returns the blue component of <code>c</code>
<code>str(c)</code>	returns a string representation of <code>c</code>
<code>WHITE</code>	represents white
<code>BLACK</code>	represents black
<code>RED</code>	represents red
<code>DARK_RED</code>	represents dark red
<code>GREEN</code>	represents green
<code>DARK_GREEN</code>	represents dark green
<code>BLUE</code>	represents blue
<code>DARK_BLUE</code>	represents dark blue
<code>CYAN</code>	represents cyan
<code>MAGENTA</code>	represents magenta
<code>YELLOW</code>	represents yellow
<code>GRAY</code>	represents gray
<code>DARK_GRAY</code>	represents dark gray
<code>LIGHT_GRAY</code>	represents light gray
<code>ORANGE</code>	represents orange
<code>VIOLET</code>	represents violet
<code>PINK</code>	represents pink
<code>BOOK_BLUE</code>	represents the blue from Introduction to Programming in Java by Sedgewick et al
<code>BOOK_LIGHT_BLUE</code>	represents the light blue from Introduction to Programming in Java by Sedgewick et al
<code>BOOK_RED</code>	represents the red from Algorithms by Sedgewick et al

instream.InStream	
<code>InStream(fileOrUrl = None)</code>	constructs an input stream <code>i</code> from a file, a URL, or standard input (if argument is empty)
<code>i.isEmpty()</code>	returns <code>True</code> if <code>i</code> is empty, and <code>False</code> otherwise
<code>i.readInt()</code>	returns a token from <code>i</code> as an integer
<code>i.readAllInts()</code>	returns the remaining tokens from <code>i</code> as a list of integers
<code>i.readFloat()</code>	returns a token from <code>i</code> as a float
<code>i.readAllFloats()</code>	returns the remaining tokens from <code>i</code> as a list of floats
<code>i.readBool()</code>	returns a token from <code>i</code> as a boolean
<code>i.readAllBools()</code>	returns the remaining tokens from <code>i</code> as a list of booleans
<code>i.readString()</code>	returns a token from <code>i</code> as a string
<code>i.readAllStrings()</code>	returns the remaining tokens from <code>i</code> as a list of strings
<code>i.hasNextLine()</code>	returns <code>True</code> if <code>i</code> has a next line, and <code>False</code> otherwise
<code>i.readLine()</code>	returns a line of tokens from <code>i</code> as a string
<code>i.readAllLines()</code>	returns the remaining lines of tokens from <code>i</code> as a list of strings
<code>i.readAll()</code>	returns the remaining tokens from <code>i</code> as a string

Libraries and Data Types

outstream.OutStream

<code>OutStream(file = None)</code>	constructs an output stream <code>o</code> from a file or standard output (if argument is empty)
<code>o.writeln(x = '')</code>	writes <code>x</code> followed by newline to <code>o</code>
<code>o.write(x = '')</code>	writes <code>x</code> to <code>o</code>
<code>o.writef(fmt, *args)</code>	writes each element of <code>args</code> to <code>o</code> according to the format specified by the string <code>fmt</code>

picture.Picture

<code>Picture(file)</code>	constructs a picture <code>p</code> from an image (<code>.jpg</code> or <code>.png</code>) file
<code>Picture(width = 512, height = 512)</code>	constructs a picture <code>p</code> given its dimensions in pixels
<code>p.save(file)</code>	saves <code>p</code> to the file with the given name
<code>p.width()</code>	returns the width of <code>p</code> in pixels
<code>p.height()</code>	returns the height of <code>p</code> in pixels
<code>p.get(x, y)</code>	returns the color of <code>p</code> at the location <code>(x, y)</code>
<code>p.set(x, y, c)</code>	sets the color of <code>p</code> at the location <code>(x, y)</code> to <code>c</code>

stdarray

<code>create1D(n, value = None)</code>	creates and returns a 1D list of size <code>n</code> , with each element initialized to <code>value</code>
<code>create2D(m, n, value = None)</code>	creates and returns a 2D list of size <code>m × n</code> , with each element initialized to <code>value</code>
<code>write1D(a)</code>	writes the size and elements of the 1D list <code>a</code> to standard output
<code>write2D(a)</code>	writes the size and elements of the 2D list <code>a</code> to standard output
<code>readInt1D()</code>	reads an integer <code>n</code> from standard input; then reads <code>n</code> integers also from standard input and returns them as a 1D list of size <code>n</code>
<code>readInt2D()</code>	reads integers <code>m</code> and <code>n</code> from standard input, and then reads <code>mn</code> integers also from standard input and returns them as a 2D list of size <code>m × n</code>
<code>readFloat1D()</code>	reads an integer <code>n</code> from standard input, and then reads <code>n</code> floats also from standard input and returns them as a 1D list of size <code>n</code>
<code>readFloat2D()</code>	reads integers <code>m</code> and <code>n</code> from standard input, and then reads <code>mn</code> floats also from standard input and returns them as a 2D list of size <code>m × n</code>
<code>readBool1D()</code>	reads an integer <code>n</code> from standard input, and then reads <code>n</code> booleans also from standard input and returns them as a 1D list of size <code>n</code>
<code>readBool2D()</code>	reads integers <code>m</code> and <code>n</code> from standard input, and then reads <code>mn</code> booleans also from standard input and returns them as a 2D list of size <code>m × n</code>

stdaudio

<code>wait()</code>	waits for the currently playing sound to finish
<code>playSample(s)</code>	plays sound sample <code>s</code>
<code>playSamples(a)</code>	plays all sound samples in the list <code>a</code>
<code>playFile(file)</code>	plays all sound samples in the file whose name is <code>file.wav</code>
<code>save(file, a)</code>	saves all sound samples in the list <code>a</code> to the WAVE file whose name is <code>file.wav</code>
<code>read(file)</code>	reads and returns a list of all sound samples from the WAVE file whose name is <code>file.wav</code>

☰ stddraw	
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BOOK_RED	represents the red from Algorithms by Sedgewick et al
setCanvasSize(w = 512, h = 512)	sets the width and height of the canvas to <i>w</i> and <i>h</i> pixels
setXscale(min = 0.0, max = 1.0)	sets the <i>x</i> -scale of canvas to the interval [min, max]
setYscale(min = 0.0, max = 1.0)	sets the <i>y</i> -scale of canvas to the interval [min, max]
setPenRadius(r = 0.005)	sets the pen radius to <i>r</i>
setPenColor(c = BLACK)	sets the pen color to <i>c</i>
setFontFamily(f = 'Helvetica')	sets the font family to <i>f</i>
setFontSize(s = 12)	sets the font size to <i>s</i>
point(x, y)	draws on the canvas a point at (<i>x</i> , <i>y</i>)
line(x0, y0, x1, y1)	draws on the canvas a line from (<i>x</i> ₀ , <i>y</i> ₀) to (<i>x</i> ₁ , <i>y</i> ₁)
circle(x, y, r)	draws on the canvas a circle of radius <i>r</i> centered at (<i>x</i> , <i>y</i>)
filledCircle(x, y, r)	draws on the canvas a filled circle of radius <i>r</i> centered at (<i>x</i> , <i>y</i>)
rectangle(x, y, w, h)	draws on the canvas a rectangle of width <i>w</i> and height <i>h</i> whose lower left point is (<i>x</i> , <i>y</i>)
filledRectangle(x, y, w, h)	draws on the canvas a filled rectangle of width <i>w</i> and height <i>h</i> whose lower left point is (<i>x</i> , <i>y</i>)
square(x, y, r)	draws on the canvas a square of side length 2 <i>r</i> centered at (<i>x</i> , <i>y</i>)
filledSquare(x, y, r)	draws on the canvas a filled square of side length 2 <i>r</i> centered at (<i>x</i> , <i>y</i>)
polygon(x, y)	draws on the canvas a polygon with coordinates (<i>x</i> [<i>i</i>], <i>y</i> [<i>i</i>])
filledPolygon(x, y)	draws on the canvas a filled polygon with coordinates (<i>x</i> [<i>i</i>], <i>y</i> [<i>i</i>])
text(x, y, s)	draw on canvas the string <i>s</i> centered at (<i>x</i> , <i>y</i>)
picture(pic, x = None, y = None)	draws on the canvas the picture <i>pic</i> centered at (<i>x</i> , <i>y</i>) or middle of the screen
clear(c = WHITE)	clears the canvas to color <i>c</i>
save(f)	saves the canvas to file <i>f</i>
show(msec = float('inf'))	shows the canvas and waits for <i>msec</i> milliseconds
hasNextKeyTyped()	returns <code>True</code> if the queue of keys the user typed is not empty, and <code>False</code> otherwise
nextKeyTyped()	removes and returns the first key from the queue of keys that the the user type
mousePressed()	return <code>True</code> if the mouse has been left-clicked, and <code>False</code> otherwise
mouseX()	returns the <i>x</i> coordinate of the location at which the mouse was most recently left-clicked
mouseY()	returns the <i>y</i> coordinate of the location at which the mouse was most recently left-clicked

Libraries and Data Types

stdio

<code>writeln(x = '')</code>	writes <code>x</code> followed by newline to standard output
<code>write(x = '')</code>	writes <code>x</code> to standard output
<code>writeln(fmt, *args)</code>	writes each element of <code>args</code> to standard output according to the format specified by the string <code>fmt</code>
<code>isEmpty()</code>	returns <code>True</code> if standard input is empty, and <code>False</code> otherwise
<code>readInt()</code>	returns a token from standard input as an integer
<code>readAllInts()</code>	returns the remaining tokens from standard input as a list of integers
<code>readFloat()</code>	returns a token from standard input as a float
<code>readAllFloats()</code>	returns the remaining tokens from standard input as a list of floats
<code>readBool()</code>	returns a token from standard input as a boolean
<code>readAllBools()</code>	returns the remaining tokens from standard input as a list of booleans
<code>readString()</code>	returns a token from standard input as a string
<code>readAllStrings()</code>	returns the remaining tokens from standard input as a list of strings
<code>hasNextLine()</code>	returns <code>True</code> if standard input has a next line, and <code>False</code> otherwise
<code>readLine()</code>	returns a line of tokens from standard input as a string
<code>readAllLines()</code>	returns the remaining lines of tokens from standard input as a list of strings
<code>readAll()</code>	returns the remaining tokens from standard input as a string

stdrandom

<code>seed(i = None)</code>	seeds the random number generator using integer <code>i</code> or the current time
<code>uniformInt(lo, hi)</code>	returns an integer chosen uniformly at random from the interval <code>[lo, hi)</code>
<code>uniformFloat(lo, hi)</code>	returns a float chosen uniformly at random from the interval <code>[lo, hi)</code>
<code>bernoulli(p = 0.5)</code>	returns <code>True</code> with probability <code>p</code> and <code>False</code> with probability <code>1 - p</code>
<code>binomial(n, p = 0.5)</code>	returns the number of heads in <code>n</code> coin flips, each of which is heads with probability <code>p</code>
<code>gaussian(mu = 0.0, sigma = 1.0)</code>	returns a float from a Gaussian distribution with mean <code>mu</code> and standard deviation <code>sigma</code>
<code>discrete(a)</code>	returns an integer <code>i</code> with probability <code>a[i]</code>
<code>shuffle(a)</code>	shuffles the list <code>a</code>
<code>exp(lambd)</code>	returns a float from an exponential distribution with rate <code>lambd</code>

stdstats

<code>mean(a)</code>	returns the average of the elements in list <code>a</code>
<code>var(a)</code>	returns the sample variance of the elements in list <code>a</code>
<code>stddev(a)</code>	returns the standard deviation of the elements in list <code>a</code>
<code>median(a)</code>	returns the median of the elements in list <code>a</code>
<code>plotPoints(a)</code>	plots the elements in list <code>a</code> as points
<code>plotLines(a)</code>	plots the elements in list <code>a</code> as line end-points
<code>plotBars(a)</code>	plots the elements in list <code>a</code> as bars